

AIRCRAFT SERIOUS INCIDENT

FINAL REPORT

SI 02/21

Air Accident Investigation Bureau (AAIB)

Ministry of Transport Malaysia

Serious Incident Involving Microlight

at Royal Custom Complex, Kangar, Perlis

Malaysia on the 01 March 2021



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AIR ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION BUREAU (AAIB)

MALAYSIA

REPORT NO.	:	SI 02/21
OPERATOR	:	PRIVATE
AIRCRAFT TYPE	:	MICROLIGHT
NATIONALITY	:	FRANCE & UKRAINE
REGISTRATION	:	NO REGISTRATION NUMBER
PLACE OF OCCURRENCE	::	ROYAL CUSTOM COMPLEX, KANGAR, PERLIS, MALAYSIA
DATE AND TIME	:	01 MARCH 2021 1900H LT

The sole objective of the investigation is the prevention of accidents and incidents. In accordance with Annex 13 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation, it is not the purpose of this investigation to apportion blame or liability.

All times in this report are Local Time (LT) unless stated otherwise. LT is UTC +8 hours.

INTRODUCTION

The Air Accident Investigation Bureau of Malaysia

The Air Accident Investigation Bureau (AAIB) is the air accidents and serious incidents investigation authority in Malaysia and is responsible to the Minister of Transport. Its mission is to promote aviation safety through the conduct of independent and objective investigations into air accidents and serious incidents.

AAIB also conducts investigation into incidents when the occurrence shows evidence to have safety issues concerned.

The AAIB conducts the investigations in accordance with Annex 13 to the Chicago Convention and Civil Aviation Regulations of Malaysia 2016.

It is inappropriate that AAIB reports should be used to assign fault or blame or determine liability, since neither the investigation nor the reporting process has been undertaken for that purpose.

In accordance with ICAO Annex 13 paragraph 4.1, notification of the Serious Incident was sent on 19 March 2021 to BEA France and Ukraine AAIB as State of Manufacturer. A copy of the Preliminary Report was subsequently submitted to the above organisation, Civil Aviation Authority of Malaysia (CAAM) and the owner of the Microlight on 19 July 2021.

In accordance with ICAO Annex 13 paragraph 6.3, a copy of the Draft Final Report was sent on 10 January 2023 to BEA France and Ukraine AAIB as State of Manufacturer, the owner, and Civil Aviation Authority of Malaysia (CAAM), inviting their significant and substantiated comments on the report.

Unless otherwise indicated, recommendations in this report are addressed to the investigating or regulatory authorities of the State having responsibility for the matters with which the recommendations are concerned. It is for those authorities to decide what action is taken.

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GLOSSARY OF ABBREVIATIONS

А	
AIC	Aeronautical Information Circular
AAIB	Air Accident Investigation Bureau
ATPL	Airline Transport Pilot Licence
С	
CAAM	Civil Aviation Authority of Malaysia
COVID-19	Coronavirus Disease 2019
I	
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organisation
ie	id est or 'that is'
IIC	Investigator In-Charge
L	
LT	Local Time
LTD	Limited
м	
MOR	Mandatory Occurrence Report
MSAF	Malaysia Sport Aviation Federation
	Malayola Oport / Malor / Odoralon
N	
NOTAM	Notice to Airman
0	
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
Р	
PIC	Pilot in Command
PPL(A) Restricted	Private Pilot Licence (Aeroplane) - Restricted
PPL - r	Private Pilot Licence - restricted

S	
SOP	Standard Operating Procedures
U	
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
UniKL - MIAT	University Kuala Lumpur – Malaysia Institute Aviation
	Technology

SYNOPSIS

A 2-seater Microlight faced a nervous moment when the Microlight crashed after toucheddown during the roll and hit a small tree at the end of the landing area. The Microlight was on a demonstration flight at Kangar Main Stadium area and landed on a field in the vicinity of Kangar Customs Complex, Perlis.

The Microlight is privately owned and was brought from Kuala Lumpur for a demonstration flight by a club to promote their association in Kangar, Perlis.

The Pilot in Command (PIC) departed from Kangar Main Stadium for a demonstration flight before landing and crashed into the field in the vicinity of Kangar Customs Complex, Perlis.

No fatalities were reported, and the injured PIC was taken to the hospital for treatment.

1.0 FACTUAL INFORMATION

1.1 History of the Flight

The flight was scheduled on the 01 March 2021 evening approximately at 1700Hrs attended by a VIP guest for the flight demonstration. The demo was to promote Microlight flying, especially the trike type of Microlight in the state (Perlis), as to promote the state as one of the sports hubs for local and tourist attractions.

On the evening of 01 March 2021, PIC was at the parking lot where the aircraft was parked temporarily and started to assemble the Microlight. The assembling process of the Microlight took approximately 30 to 45 minutes.

After completed the assembling process, PIC started to prepare the Microlight for warm-up and test run. Microlight was filled with 33 litres of fuel which is sufficient for a short 20 minutes demonstration flight.

Before starting the engine, PIC and the ground crew had carried out walkaround Visual Inspection to check for any abnormalities or defects to the Microlight. The walk-around Visual inspection was done successfully, and no major abnormalities were found.

After the walk-around Visual Inspection, PIC warmed up the Microlight for approximately 5 to 6 minutes and was done successfully.

PIC was guided by ground crew and taxied to the adjacent field behind the stadium where that area had a long field and less obstacles for the take-off and then return for landing at the same place.

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Before take-off, PIC did his pre-flight check which called "S.T.R.A.I.P".

S – Secure and stable. Check safety harness, wing attachments, etc.

T – Throttle off ready for take-off.

R – Radio/signal for ready to take-off (ground crew).

A - All clear runway, ground and air. Check for wind condition & direction.

I – Ignition on, power up, mag checks.

P – Power (Take-off when ready).

Take-off was successful. For the first few circuits, PIC did a circuit around the Sports Complex to gauge the wind condition, turbulence, rotors and sinks in the area.

After a few circuits flying around the Sports Complex, the landing area became unsafe for landing as the surrounding area was already crowded with the public which posed a threat to both the Microlight and the civilians if it continued with the landing plan.

PIC was trying to communicate with the ground crew, but there was no response then he used hand signal to alert the ground crew that the landing area was risky.

PIC decided to look for other available landing sites after signalling the ground crew. PIC climbed to 200 feet and started selecting potential landing sites and decided that the field in the Customs Complex to be the best landing area due to its length, location, less people, low tree lines, low structures, and wind condition was perfect.

3

The landing was successful initially, but then when PIC wanted to apply brake on the nose wheel, he realised that the throttle was at full speed and did not decrease as his foot was taken off from the throttle paddle.

PIC managed to steer the nose wheel with his feet and trying to cut off the ignition switch while Microlight still rolling at full speed, but the ignition switch failed to cut the power off. As the Microlight was coming to the end of the field, PIC decided to hit a small tree in order to stop the Microlight.

The injured PIC was taken to the hospital for treatment and the Police Report has been lodged as per Appendix A.

Injuries	Crew	Passengers	Others	Total
Fatal	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Serious	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Minor/None	1	NIL	NIL	1

1.2 Injuries to Persons

1.3 Damage to Aircraft

When the Microlight impacted the tree at the landing area, it caused two (2) units of Engine Propeller Blade broke and several damages to the Engine Radiator, one (1) unit of Main Landing Gear (Left Side), composite part of the Microlight Fairing, Wing Structure (Left leading edge), and the Microlight Throttle Cable. Detail damaged images as shown in Figures 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8. Damages report as per Appendix B.



Figure 1: Engine Radiator

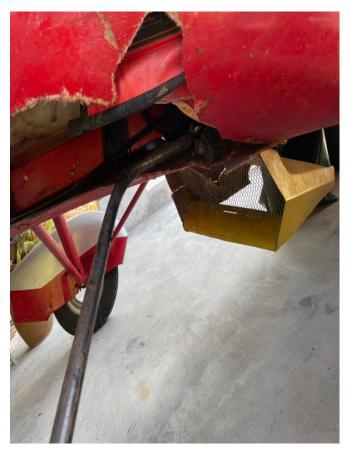


Figure 2: Aircraft Fairing

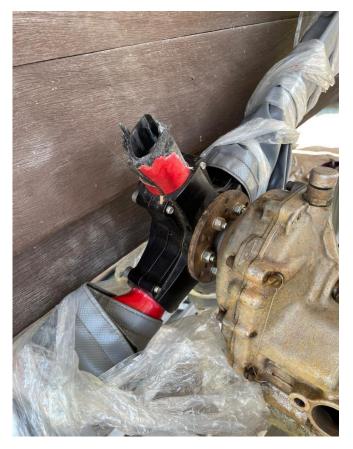


Figure 3: Engine Propeller Blade



Figure 4: Main landing gear strut (right side)



Figure 5: Aircraft Fairing

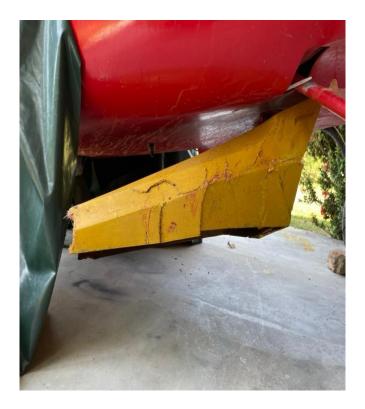


Figure 6: Microlight Fairing



Figure 7: Wing Keel



Figure 8: Throttle Cable

1.4 Other Damage

One outstretched rope had broken off during the landing roll before the Microlight hitting three trees that belong to the Custom. No other damages were observed.



Figure 9: Outstretched rope



Figure 10: 1st & 2nd Trees



Figure 11: The 3rd Tree - Impact and halt

1.5 Personnel Information

1.5.1 Pilot in Command (PIC)

Age	44
Sex	Male
Date of Joining Company	Not Available
Date Cleared Online	Not Available
License	No. 3884R [PPL-R (Restricted)]. Expiry Jun 2006 Medical Expiry: Not Available Last Base Check: 20/10/2020 Basic Medical Check Last IR: Not Available Last Line Check: Not Available
Flying Hours	Total: 818H, 58M (Mixed Experimental) Hours on type: 454H, 33M

Other Courses/Validities	SEP Expiry: Not Available
	CRM Expiry: Not Available
	Passport Expiry: 01 Sept 2021

PIC holds a PPL-r. However, during the incident, his PPL-r Licence had expired (Appendix C) and no medical record was found. From the National Blood Centre Book Record as shown in Appendix D, PIC has donated blood on 24 February 2021 and he is an active blood donor. Based on those records, it shows that PIC is a healthy person and he had enough rest before the demonstration flight.

1.6 Aircraft Information

Aircraft	Air Creation GTE Clipper 582
Owner	Private
Registration	Not Available
Serial No.	Not Available
C of A No.	Not Available
C of A Expiry	Not Available
C of R No.	Not Available
C of R Expiry	Not Available
Year of Manufacture	Not Available

1.6.1 Aircraft Data

Microlight filled with 33 litres of fuel which was sufficient for a short 20 minutes demonstration flight. The fuel tank can accommodate up to 55 litres of unleaded fuel premixed with 2T oil with a mixture of 50 to 1 due to the Rotax engine is a 2 stroke 2-cylinder 4 spark plugs (2 cdci's/2 mags) with 64 hp powerplant. Microlight Trike 582 GTE Clipper Information as per Appendix E.

1.6.2 Aircraft Certification

There were no details information on the Microlight. The Microlight did not hold any registration number by CAAM. No objective evidence to indicate that the maintenance activities had been carried out on the Microlight. Certificate of Airworthiness is not available. However, PIC

mentioned that PIC and the ground crew did a walk-around Visual Inspection to check for any abnormalities or defects before the demonstration flight. All were done successfully and no major abnormalities were found.



Figure 12: Microlight Trike 582 GTE Clipper Information

1.7 Meteorological Information

The incident happened during daylight hours. Weather at the time of the landing was reported by the pilot to be fine and sunny with very good visibility.

1.8 Aids to Navigation

VFR flying was utilised as no form of digital instrumentation was available.

1.9 Communications

Microlight is fitted with a UHF antenna. Additional to that, PIC and the ground crew also used hand signals as a backup for communication.

1.10 Aerodrome Information

Not Available as PIC used Sports Complex field as take-off and landing area.

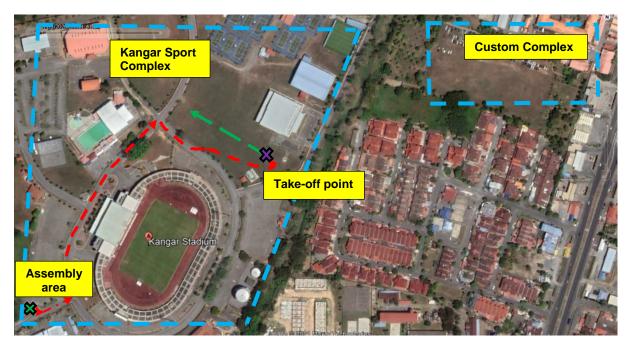


Figure 13: Aerodrome Information

	Kangar Sports Complex and Custom Complex
*	Assembly area
	Microlight taxi route
*	Take-off point
	Take-off direction

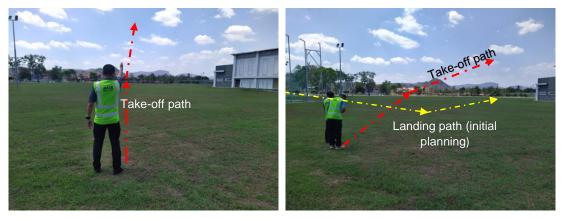


Figure 14: Microlight take-off point and initial planned landing area at open field Kangar Sports Complex

1.11 Flight Recorders.

Not Applicable.

1.12 Wreckage and Impact Information



Figure 15: Microlight actual landing and impact point

Due to the unsafe conditions (public parking and heavy crowd) to land the Microlight at Kangar Sports Complex, PIC landed the Microlight at an open field at Custom Complex. However, the Microlight throttle got stuck after landing (during landing roll). Microlight came to a halt after hitting a small tree at the end of the landing area.



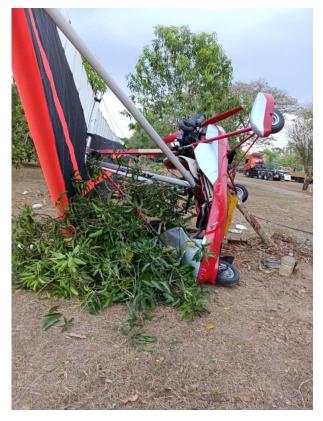


Figure 16: Microlight came to halt after hitting a small tree at the end of the landing area



Figure 17: Selvage and recovery by the Microlight team immediately after the accident

The recovery was performed on the same day at approximately 1900H and was successfully removed from the crash site and transported back to Kuala Lumpur for further action by the owner.

Pending rectification work, the Microlight had been secured and put under storage condition at the owner premise in Banting, Selangor.

1.13 Medical and Pathological Information

No fatalities were reported, and the injured PIC was taken to the hospital for treatment. However, no urine test was carried out to PIC.

1.14 Fire

There was no pre or post-impact fire.

1.15 Survival Aspects

There were no fatalities to the public.

1.16 Tests and Research

Throttle cable was secured and assessment was carried out on the cable condition at University Kuala Lumpur Malaysian Institute of Aviation Technology (UniKL - MIAT). Assessment Report as per Appendix F.



Figure 18: Post incident inspection



Figure 19: Post incident inspection

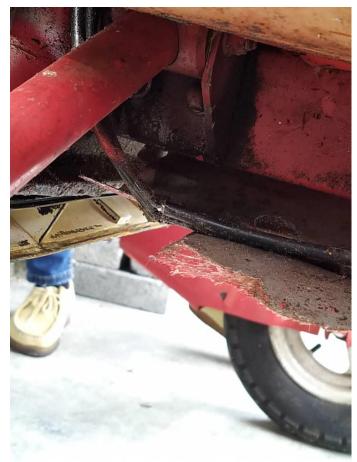


Figure 20: Post incident inspection



Figure 21: Post incident inspection (Throttle Cable)



Figure 22: Removing the Throttle Cable



Figure 23: Removing the Throttle Cable



Figure 24: Removing the Throttle Cable



Figure 25: Removing the Throttle Cable

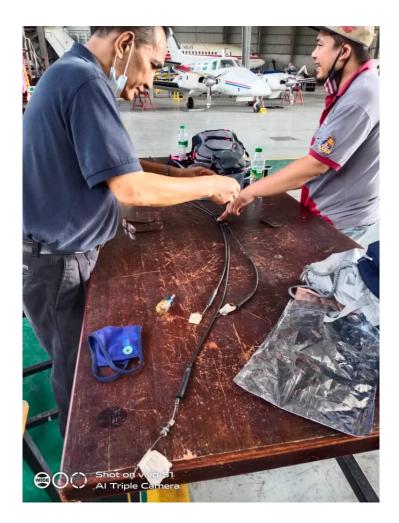


Figure 26: Throttle Cable assessment

1.17 Organizational and Management Information

From the interview, AAIB was informed that all extreme sports in Malaysia is under the Malaysia Sports Aviation Federation (MSAF). MSAF was formed under the office of the Malaysian Industry-Government Group for High Technology (MIGHT – under the Prime Minister's department), and Civil Aviation Authority Malaysia (CAAM) is to monitor the sport aviation initiatives in the country. MSAF certificate of registration with Malaysia Sports Commissioner Office as Appendix G. However, there were no supporting documents to support that this demonstration flight was jointly organized by MSAF and the local state government.

1.18 Additional Information

1.18.1 Interview and Written Statements

AAIB investigation team conducted interview with PIC and Microlight owner. The interview sessions were all recorded under the express knowledge of all parties. PIC had submitted a written statement to be included in this report as Appendix H.

1.18.2 Briefing by MSAF

From interviews with pilots and owners of Microlight, AAIB was informed that MSAF is an organisation that regulates all extreme sports in Malaysia. A briefing session from MSAF to AAIB was conducted on 03rd August 2022 regarding all extreme sports activities in Malaysia as per Appendix I.

AAIB has been briefed by the MSAF on the MSAF organisation and how the Microlight activities were structured as one of the extreme sports under MSAF. Details information on MSAF organisation can be found at www.msaf.org.my

1.19. Useful or Effective Investigation Techniques

AAIB will look into the three (3) domains of Aviation Safety while conducting the investigation. Three domains of Aviation Safety were:

- a. Safe Air Transport System
- b. Safe Operation
- c. Safe Product

1.19.1 On-Site Investigation

On-site investigation which includes site visit, witness interview and video footage from handphone camera were conducted to look for evidence which will assist in reconstructing the probable chain of event leading to this incident.

2.0 ANALYSIS

In this section of the report, the relevant evidence and factual information will be discussed and analysed to determine the cause and contributing factors to the accident. The conclusions will provide the answer on how the accident occurred and

to recommend the appropriate solutions.

The investigation found that there were several mechanical irregularities on the management of the microlight operation prior to the serious incident such as Microlight Certification, licencing, basic maintenance and organisational issues contributed to the serious incident of Microlight Trike 582 in Kangar, Perlis.

The analysis will discuss:

2.1 On-Site Investigation

2.1.1 On-site activities

From the information gathered on ground, Investigation team suspected that the Microlight had hit the outstretched rope laid out on the grass on the open field at Custom Complex.

The Custom open field was not designed for any airborne take-off or landing activities. The open field was used by the Custom department to park the towed vehicles.

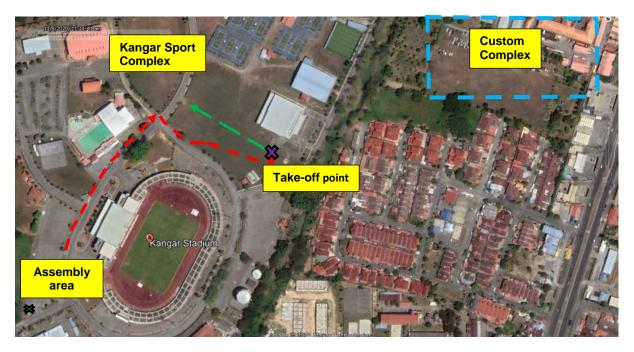
During the event, PIC need to land the Microlight as he completed the demonstration flight to the State Secretary. However, the take-off points and landing plan at open field Kangar Sports Complex was not suitable as the area became crowded with evening sports activities and full

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with vehicles parking at the area. Due to the unsafe conditions, PIC has decided to change the landing plan to the adjacent area and he has landed the Microlight at an open field at Custom Complex.

Prior to the landing process the Microlight hit the outstretched rope laying on the grass during landing roll and resulted the throttle cable got stuck and increased the Microlight power.

PIC was unable to control the Microlight, and as Microlight moving to the end of the field, Microlight wing hit twice the adjacent tree before Microlight came to a halt after hitting the third tree at the end of the landing area.



	Kangar Sports Complex and Custom Complex
₩	Assembly area
>	Microlight taxi route
*	Take-off point
>	Take-off direction

Figure 27: Aerodrome Information



Figure 28: Microlight take-off point and landing plan at open field Kangar Sports Complex

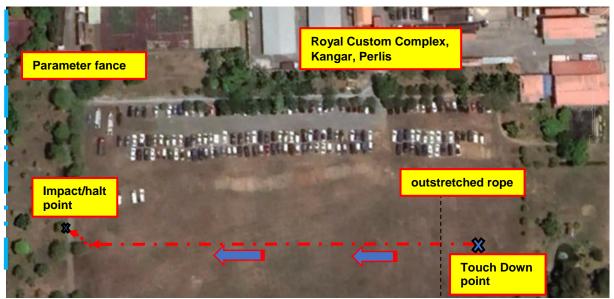


Figure 29: Microlight actual landing and impact point

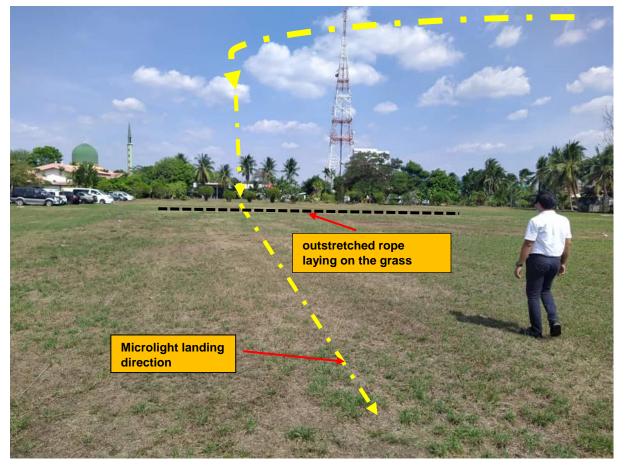


Figure 30: Microlight approach and landing position

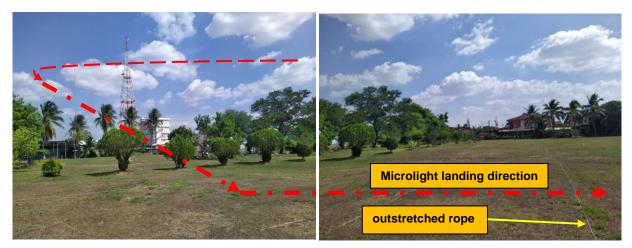


Figure 31: Post-accident investigation found a snapped outstretched rope on the grass area across the open field at Custom Complex



Figure 32: Outstretched rope was suspected of being stuck by the Microlight during the landing roll

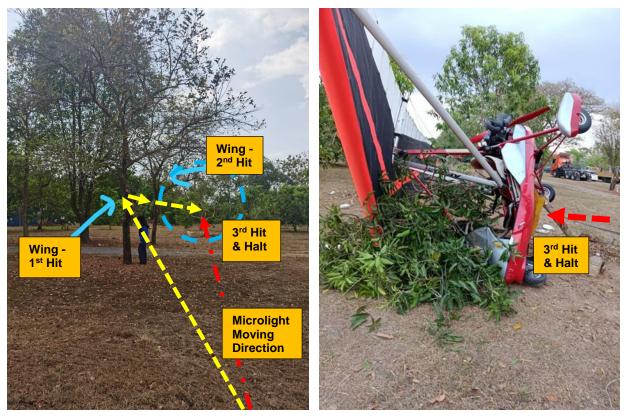


Figure 33: The Microlight Wing hit the two trees before hitting the third tree and halt



Figure 34: Microlight Wing hit the 1st tree



Figure 35: Microlight Wing hit the 2nd tree



Figure 36: Microlight came to halt after hitting a small tree at the end of the landing area



Figure 37: Microlight hit the third tree and halt

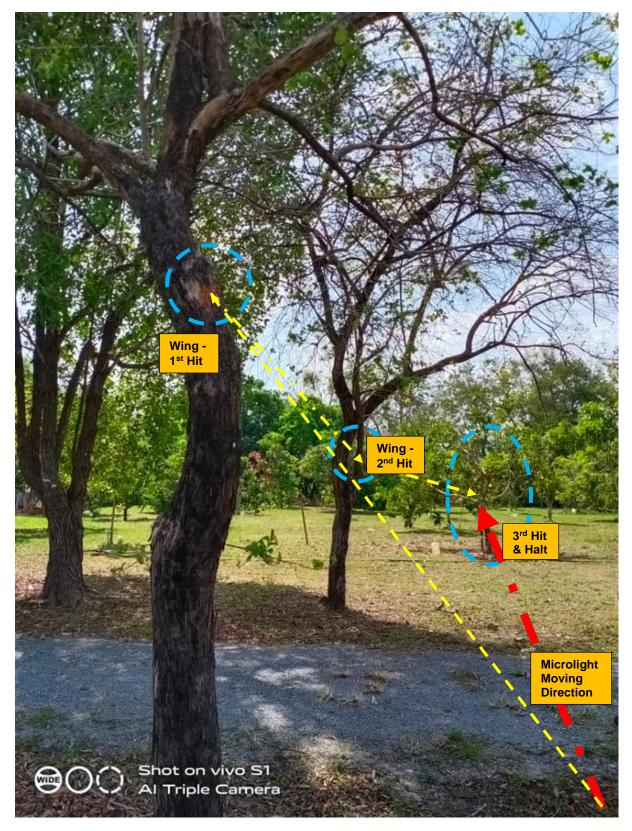


Figure 38: Microlight impact summary

2.2 Competency in the flying Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) of the Microlight Operation

From the information gathered, AAIB found there were gaps in the SOP where the essential requirement in the flying activities needed to be adhered to by the PIC and the owner of the Microlight.

2.2.1 MCAR 2016 requirement for the Microlight to be operated in the country is stated in Regulation 10. Nevertheless, the investigation team found that the Microlight doesn't have any form of registration to indicate that the Microlight has been registered with CAAM.

2.2.2 No Permit to fly. Regulation 29 (1) to MCAR 2016 stated that "a person may fly a Malaysian aircraft without a certificate of airworthiness if the person holds a permit to fly issued by the Director General."

2.2.3 The demonstration flight date did not adhere to NOTAM authorised by CAAM, where the demonstration flight should take place on 06 & 28 March 2021 (approved flight) instead of 01 March 2021, @approximately 1700H LT (actual flight) – Refer to Appendix J (NOTAM).

In conclusion, there is a need for CAAM to review the approval process to ensure the request of flight must comply to all CAAM airworthiness and operational requirements and ATC clearance is granted to fly prior to an approved date.

2.3 Pilot licensing

2.3.1 The investigation team found that the PIC holds a PPL-r (Restricted) issued by CAAM. (Formerly known as the Department of Civil Aviation (DCA) of Malaysia). However, the licenses expired in Jun 2006 and had never been renewed.

2.3.2 There was not stated in the MCAR 2016 the requirement of having a license to fly the Microlight. However, in the AIC released in Jan 1997, a statement covered the need to have a PPL(A) Restricted license for Microlight operators and will be classified as an Experimental Aircraft.

2.4 Maintenance Practice

2.4.1 There was no objective evidence to show that the maintenance activities have been carried out to the Microlight. There is a need to have a Technical Log to indicate that the Microlight was maintained correctly and airworthy for the flight. If proper maintenance practices such as Daily, Weekly, Monthly, or Periodic Maintenance activities were carried out and recorded, it could ensure the airworthiness of the Microlight.

2.5 Organisational issues

2.5.1 During the interview, PIC mentioned that the Microlight Sport activity was under MSAF supervision. However, the investigation team could not establish the relationship between the extreme sports activities under MSAF with the microlight incident, as there was no objective evidence that MSAF organised the event for the State Secretary.

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2.5.2 There were no guidelines or SOP on the Microlight flying activities under MSAF supervision during the incident.

3.0 CONCLUSION

3.1 Findings

3.1.1 Investigation team found that the Microlight has no registration number. It shown that the Microlight was not registered with CAAM as part of the requirement for the Microlight to be operated in country as stated in Regulation 10 to MCAR 2016.

3.1.2 The Microlight don't have permit to fly as required in Regulation 29 (1) to MCAR 2016 where it stated that *"a person may fly a Malaysian aircraft without a certificate of airworthiness if the person hold a permit to fly issued by the Director General".*

3.1.3 PIC licence and Medical Record was expired before he flew this Microlight.

3.1.4 There was no Technical Log to indicate that the Microlight was properly maintained and airworthy for the flight.

3.1.5 There was no record of flying activity on the said Microlight until the day of the incident.

3.1.6 PIC and ground crew observed no abnormalities during the walkaround Visual Inspection.

3.1.7 Prior to take-off, the warm-up was done successfully.

3.1.8 The demonstration flight date did not adhere to NOTAM authorised by CAAM, where the demonstration flight should take place on 06 & 28 March 2021 (approved flight) instead of 01 March 2021, @approximately 1700H LT (actual flight) – Refer to Appendix J (NOTAM).

Due to no objective evidence on the maintenance activity, pilot competency, and product registration with CAAM on the said Microlight, AAIB has concluded that the failure in the three (3) domains of Aviation Safety had resulted in the Serious Incident of the Microlight Trike 582 GTE Clipper on the 1 March 2021.

3.2 Probable Causes

The probable cause of the accident was due to Throttle Cable being dented after Microlight came in contact with outreached rope during the landing roll, which led to the failure of the throttle paddle to reduce the speed.

3.2.1 Contributing Factors

a. Poor Maintenance Practice

i) There were few factors that have contributed to the accident. When further investigation carried out, AAIB found that there was no record on the maintenance activities.

ii) There were no objectives evidence that the Microlight has undergo proper maintenance practice such as Daily, Weekly or Monthly or periodic maintenance activities. In relation, the Microlight has been flying without a proper maintenance activity. Improvement on maintenance practices is needed to ensure the microlight is airworthy and safe to fly.

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Figure 39: Post-Accident Inspection found the Throttle Cable was dented



Figure 40: The Throttle Cable was sent for check and confirm that the Throttle Cable was dented

The specialist carried out the Throttle Cable checked, and the result was as per Appendix F. The analysis could not reveal that the dented was due to the occurrence (during the Microlite landing and hitting the outstretched rope on the field). However, it was suspected that prior to the landing process the Microlight hit the outstretched rope laying on the grass during landing roll and resulted the throttle cable got stuck and increased the Microlight power.

PIC was unable to control the Microlight and as Microlight moving to the end of the field, Microlight wing hit twice the adjacent tree before Microlight came to a halt after hitting the third tree at the end of the landing area.

4.0 SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 The Owner of the Microlight is to carry out the following safety recommendations:

4.1.1 To carry out the preventive and documented all maintenance activities and in accordance to the Microlight Trike 582 Maintenance Manual or Standard Maintenance Practice of Microlight (which one available).

4.1.2 To ensure the registration of Microlight with CAAM before flying the Microlight.

4.1.3 To ensure the request of flight permit approval to CAAM must include details of route, all points of departure, landing in Malaysia as required by AIP Malaysia Part 1 General 1.2 – Entry, Transit and Departure of Aircraft.

4.2 CAAM is to look into the licensing requirement of flying the Microlight in Malaysia

4.3 MSAF is to administer all extreme sports activities in conjunction with CAAM licensing and registration regulation that involved motor/engine.

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Н	PIC Written Statement	H – 1 to H - 4
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	7	

INVESTIGATOR IN-CHARGE

Air Accident Investigation Bureau

Ministry of Transport

Malaysia

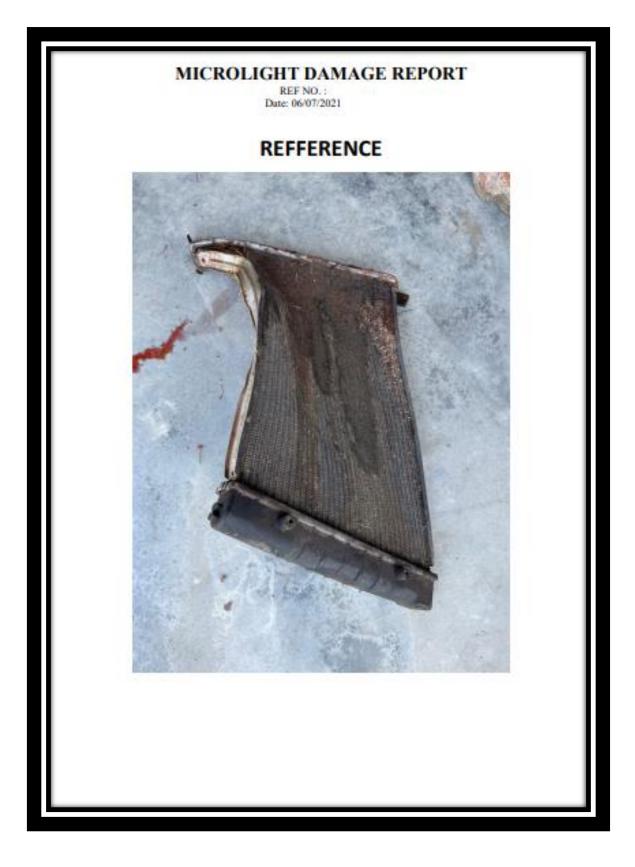
POLICE REPORT

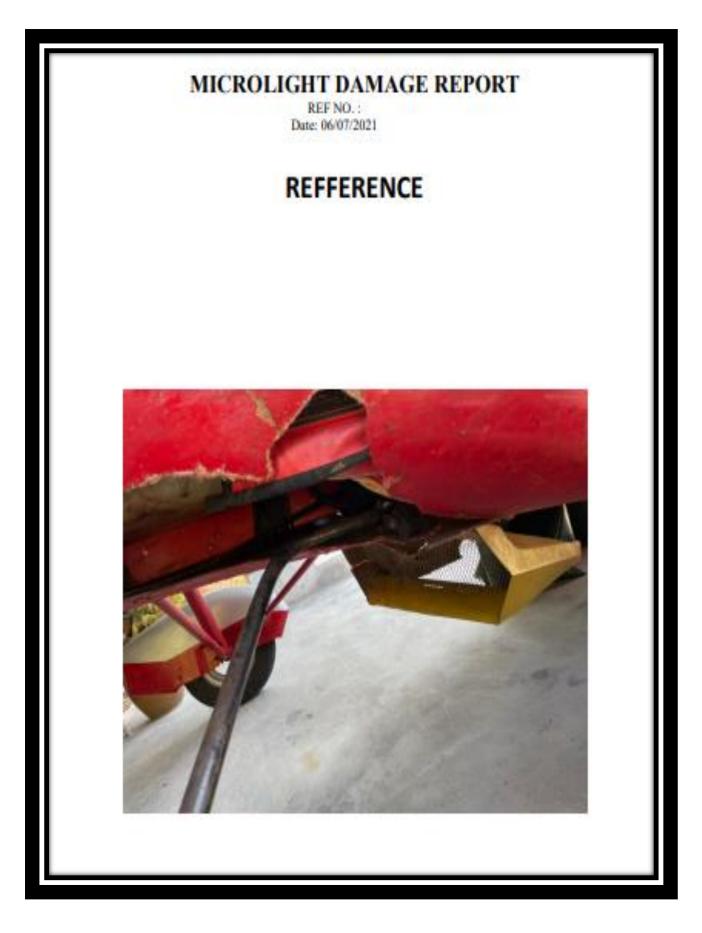
APPENDIX A

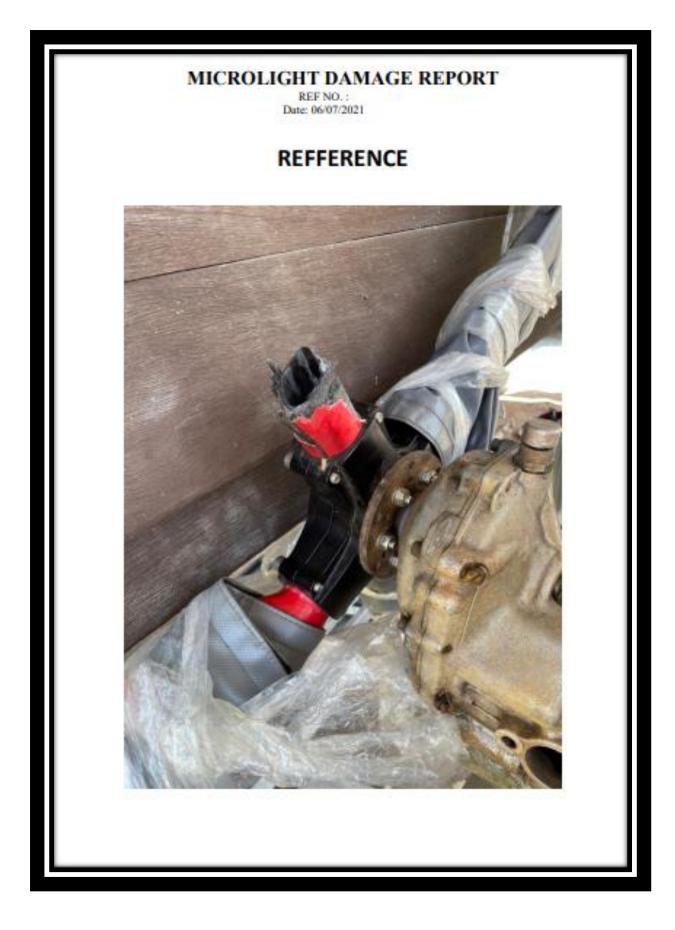
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Daerah	: KANGAR				
Kontinjen	: PERLIS				
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Tarikh Waktu	: 01/03/2021				
	: 2203 PM				
Bahasa Diterima					
Butir-butir Pene					
HR	JHAMMAD SHAMUDDIN BIN IZLAN	No. Badan	R287920	Pangkat	: KONST/P
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Alamat :					
Butir-butir Penga	du :				
Nama	1	MAIL			
No. K/P (Baru)	: 4	No. Polis/Tentera		No. Pasport	
No. Sijil Beranak	:	Jantina	Perempuan	Tarikh Lahir	28/05/1980
Umur	: 40 Tahun 9 Bulan	Keturunan	: Molayu	Warganegara	: Malaysia
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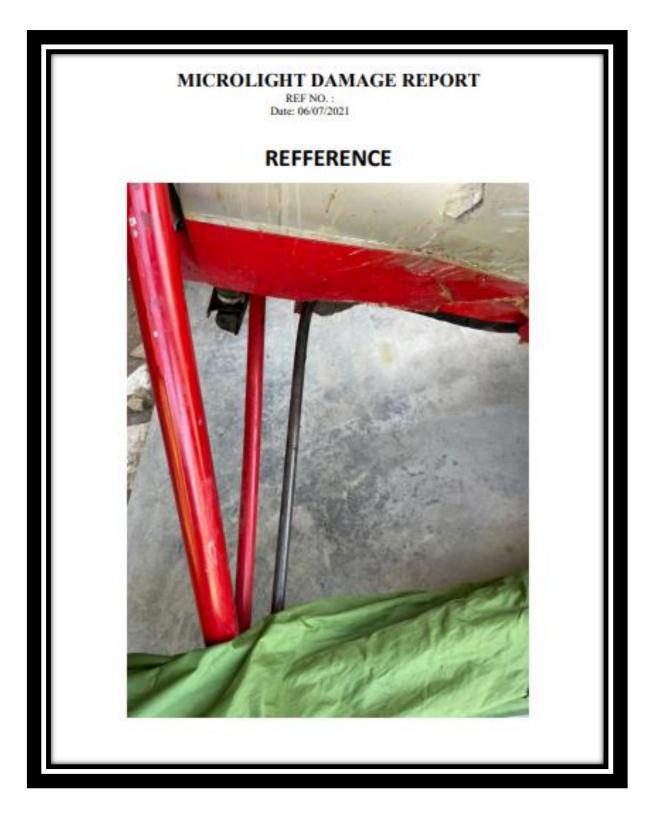
DAMAGE REPORT

DAMAGE	APPEN	IDIX B	
MICROLIGHT I REF N Date: 06/0	0. :	ORT	
AIRCRAFT INFORMATION			
Registration Number: N/A Manufacturer: Air Creation Model: GTE 582 SE/S CLIPPER Year of Manufacturer: N/A	Number Of Seat: Two Engine Model: Rotax Engine Power: 64 HP	582	
DAMAGE INFORMATION			
Damage Reason: Aircraft crash			
Damage Date: N/A Damage Time: N/A Damage Part (Select damage) Engine	Body	Landing Gear	
DAMAGE DETAILS			
 DAMAGE PART : Engine Propeller Blade QUANTITY: Two (2) unit STATUS: Serviceable ACTION: <u>Replace new part</u> DAMAGE PART : Engine Radiater QUANTITY: One (1) unit STATUS: Serviceable/Unserviceable ACTION: <u>Replace new part</u> DAMAGE PART : <u>Main Landing Gear (Le</u> QUANTITY: One (1) unit STATUS: Serviceable/Unserviceable ACTION: <u>Replace new part</u> DAMAGE PART : <u>Aircraft Fairing</u> QUANTITY: One (1) unit STATUS: Serviceable/Unserviceable ACTION: <u>Replace new part</u> DAMAGE PART : <u>Aircraft Fairing</u> QUANTITY: One (1) unit STATUS: Serviceable/Unserviceable ACTION: <u>Replace new part</u> DAMAGE PART : <u>Wing Structure (Left le</u> QUANTITY: <u>One (1) unit</u> STATUS: Serviceable/Unserviceable ACTION: <u>Replace new part</u> DAMAGE PART : <u>Wing Structure (Left le</u> QUANTITY: <u>One (1) unit</u> STATUS: Serviceable/Unserviceable ACTION: <u>Replace new part</u> DAMAGE PART : <u>Wing keel</u> QUANTITY: <u>One (1) unit</u> STATUS: Serviceable/Unserviceable ACTION: <u>Replace new part</u> DAMAGE PART : <u>Throtic Cable</u> QUANTITY: <u>One (1) unit</u> STATUS: Serviceable/Unserviceable ACTION: <u>Replace new part</u> 	rfi Side) art of the composite damage		

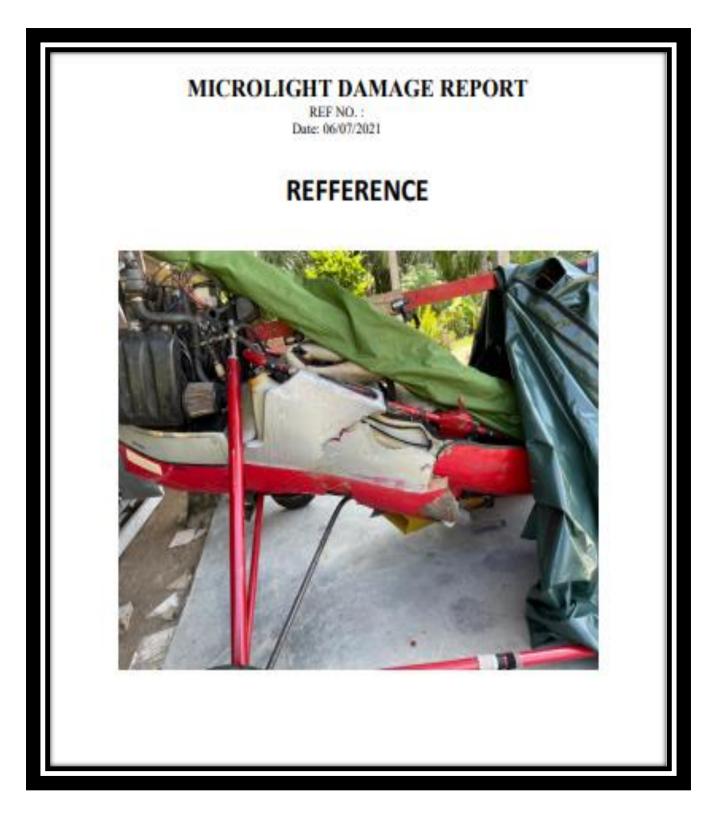


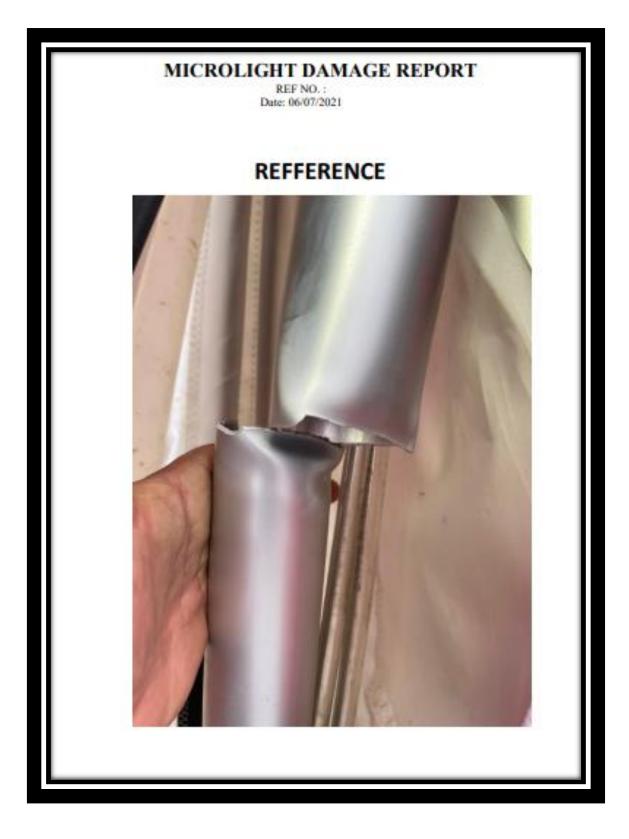




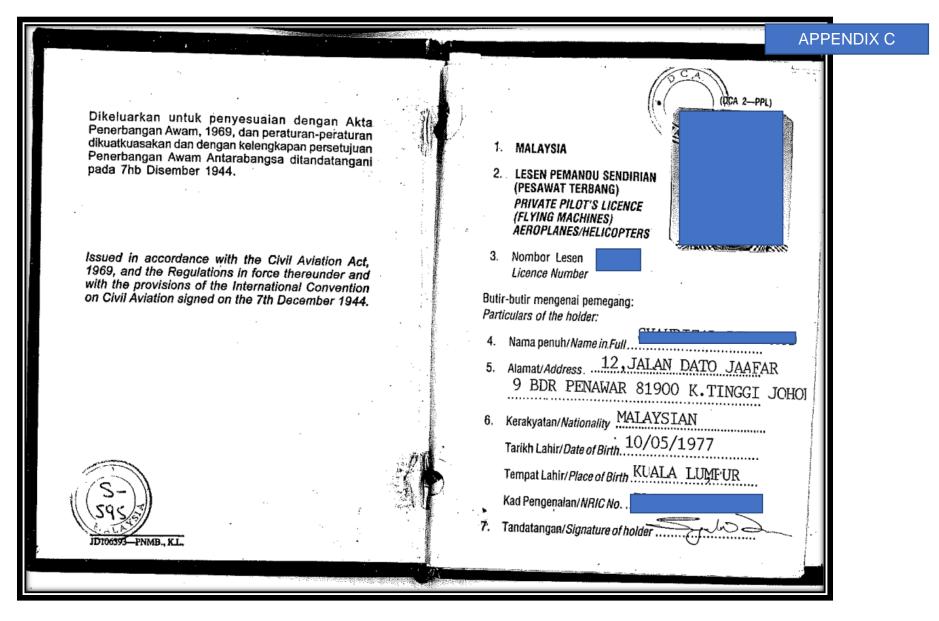


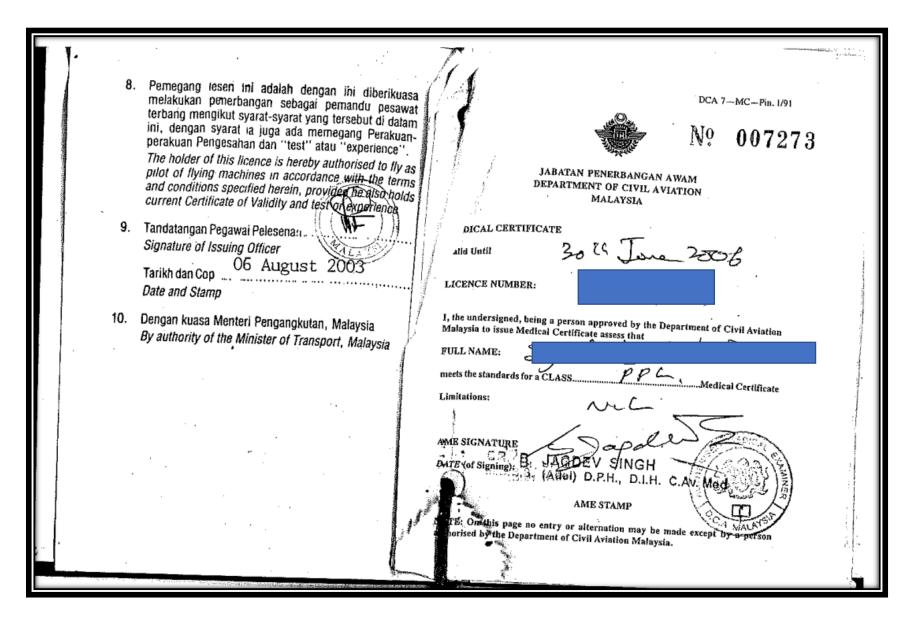










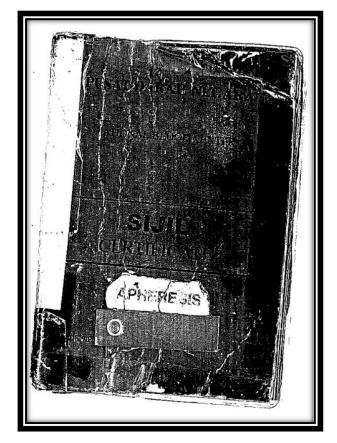


				DCA 20-FRTOL
	1	REQUIREMENTS AND VALIDITY O	F	in the second
		MEDICAL CERTIFICATES		Licence No
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		Airline Transport Pilot aged 40 or over	in mon	
	Í	Commercial Pilot aged 40 or over.	1 6	DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL AVIATION
	ĺ	Airline Transport Pilot under 40	1 6	FLIGHT RADIO-TELEPHONY
		Commercial Pilot under 40	1 12	OPERATOR'S LICENCE
		FN.Fe	1 12	2
	ł	Student/Private Pilot aged 40 or over	L 12	
	Į	Student/Private Pilot under 40	12	is authorised to operate in accordance
		* In addition to the remainder of month of is:	sue.	
		NOTES:		Malaysia in the capacity of a Flight Radio-Telephony Operator (Restricted).
		 Holders of a class 1 (one) medical certificate, are also (two) medical validity, for those operations requiring of medicial certificate. 	entitle for a cla only a class 2 (This licence is valid for the same period as the licence to $\frac{1}{2}$ which it is attached.
		2. The Renewal of the Medical Certificate can be obtain commencing one calendar must be for	ined in the ne	LIMITATIONS
		commencing one calender month before expiry. The most should be performed as early in the period as possible.	edical examina	No
				The holder of this licence should be entitled to operate
		 The following special examination(s) should be complete end of the mouth shown. 	ed on or before	
		Electrocardiogram	E.	
		Chest X-ray Ofe Je	<u>a</u>	transmitter, or adjust its frequency, except by the use of external switching devices.
		Audiogram	100	1 /4
		JS701167PNMB., K.L.		The holder of this licence is not permitted to operate an aircraft radio station for the purpose of public correspondence.
· .	1		Â	and the purpose of public correspondence.
	· · · ·		·	
b				

(DCA 8-CVL) Signature of Perakuan Pengesahan mengenai Lesen Issuing Officer..... Pemandu-pemandu Pesawat Terbang Certificate of Validity of a Licence for Pilot's of Date of Stamp 15 March 2004 Flying Machines By Authority of the Minister of Transport, Malay XXPL/CPL/XXPL (Aeroplanes/Helicopters) Licences No.... DATE FROM Signature of Holder... TO SIGNATURE and STAMP 0808.03 31.05.04 05 CE .0 17.06.04 30.06.06 (Lin NAT: ABS Note: The person to whom this Certificate is issued is not authorised to operate radio apparatus on board aircraft registered in Malaysia unless he is also the holder of an appropriate licence granted in accordance with the provisions of the Air Navigation Order, for the time being in force. PNMB-JB. 23528-PNMB., K.L.

DRAFT FINAL REPORT SI 02/21

APPENDIX D



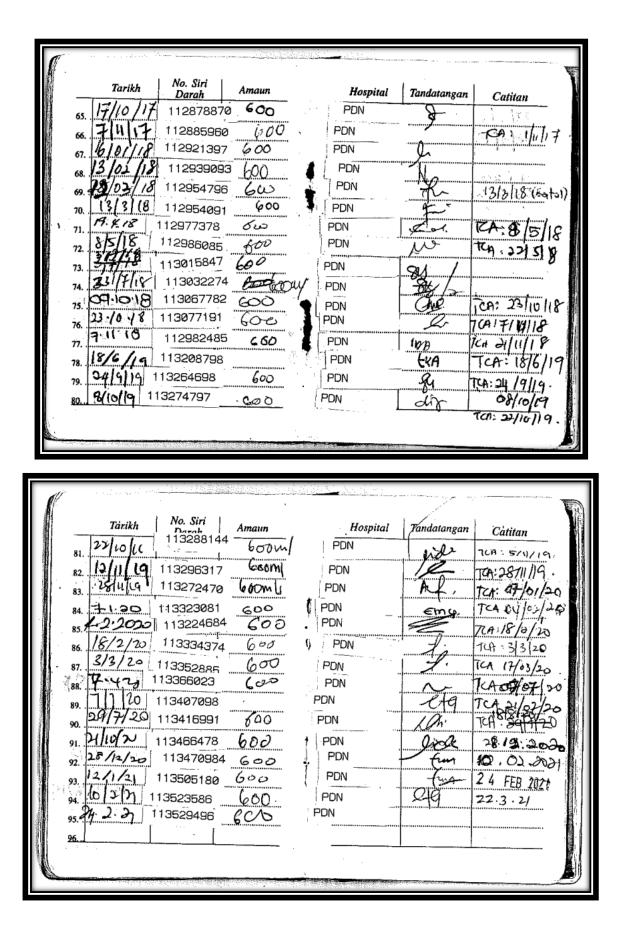


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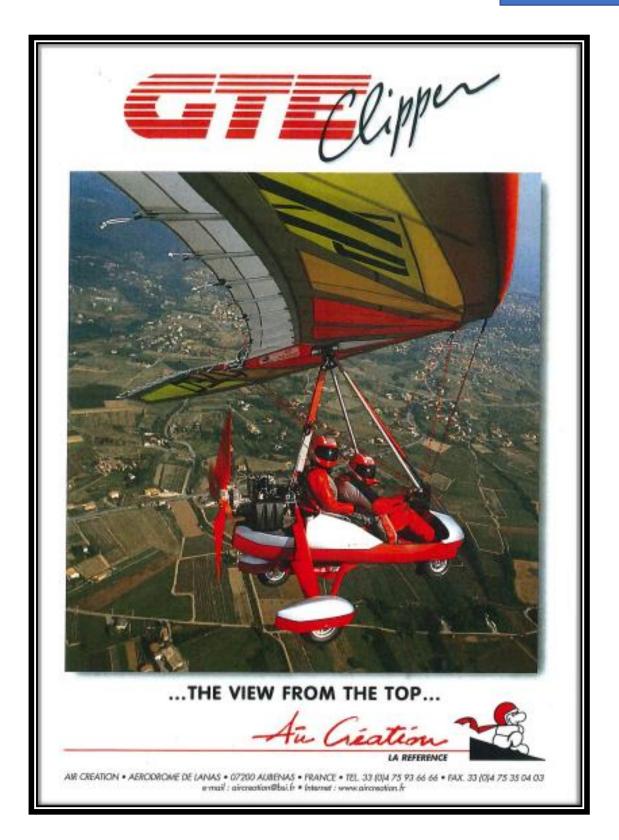
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APPENDIX E





ans its low noise version

The GTE

This trike is of the same lineage as the GT series. In the GTE series, we integrated all of the GT approved systems on which we staked our reputation of excellence and reliability.

Furthermore, this new geometry offers an uncommon stability both in the air and on the ground. The center of gravity is set well below a raised thrust line which cancels changing power-variation effects on the trike's pitch altitude, thus slicwing superior maximum speed and vital ground clearance for enhanced propeller protection.

An equally distributed loads factor allows for predictable light behaviors in all attitudes, which in turns permits easy displacement of the control bar when performing maximum performance taleoffs and short-field landings. Designed and basted according to the fussy oriterion of British certification (BCARIS) the GTE is capable of carrying a gross weight of 270 Kg (450 Kg gross weight with an XP wing or a MLD). This is enough capacity to fully load the gradieted 60 liters fuel tank, which comes equipped with a quick-drain sump to check for water contamination and enough remaining capacity to fill the saddle bage or optional streamlined back compartment which lised smoothes the slipsteam to enhance propeller efficiency.

GTE and **CLIPPER** version

Using the GTE as a foundation, the CLIPPER elegantly dresses the entire trike body in a composite pod with a sleek serrodynamic form and finish. This pod shell increases the machine parformance, as the air is perfectly conducted to the propeler, the addition of fairing to the rear axies and wheels induces the paralite drag.

The distinguished shapas of the CLIPPER allows for increased passenger and luggage space. This pod also contributes to very good yew stability thanks to a judicious amount of side-profile area which aides the plot's maintaining lateral atability. Thus, it gives a mal ploting ease. None of the additional mass interfores with maneuvering or flight symmetry. The pleasures of flying remain absolute.

A large instrument panel allows for radio and instrument installation. The windshield lands escalent protection to the pilot and adds a well balanced esthetic touch to the CLIPPER; the pilot is protected from fatigue and noise from head-on wind pressure during long trips.



All construction increases greater comfort for our pilots' and passengers' satisfaction. There is an anatomically connect bucket sensi which maintains partiact body alignment, a foam headnest and legrest for the rear seat; a new vibration-eliminating meter mount; an ideally pisced control bar; adjustable loot rests and padals and a fork sets on a ball bearing system.

The GTE is built with pilot-preserger protection techniques foremost in mind. Passenger protection is secured to withstand a frontal shock load of 9 g (15 g for the engine alone) without bending the binnocle. A 3 point seat balt with automobile type retracting shoulder strap is integrated into the structure to allow freedom of movement, which is sometimes useful when operating the control. A dual foot and fork control option gives the instructor full control throughout the flight envelope. Quiettip propellers with low inertia moment are coupled to either the storgly built Rotax 500 or the new Rotax 582 engines (third generation cranishaft origines) which guarantee power plant reliability in its initial version, the GTE comes with a large number of amenities, including engine noise controls, in order to fully anjoy all of its fine qualities (see table).



Boot, bags, streamlining and ongine instruments are included as standard equipment with this trike. Inevitably, the CLIPPER will be renown as one of the most ingenious designs for trikes as the CLIPPER was for tall ships. The CLIPPER enlarges the operating speed range, the load capacity and the thrill and comfort of autonomous, flexing-class flying.

In perfect accordance harmonie with our **MILD** and **XP** wings

Designed to be compatible with the GTE and the CLIPPER trikes, the MILD and XP wings assure that you will enjoy a wide range of qualities :short keel, control ber position such allowing full-speed tanges and capacity of 450 kg gross takeoff weight. A multitude of redundant structural qualities ensure that our wings remain in good shape for years. The most effective materials have been selected. Flight characteristics are easily adjustable thanks to pitch and roll mechanisms.

> The MILD sting is selected for its control smoothness over all its asset, its adaptability, and its great performances compatibility with the 50 HP, low noise version of the PIOTAX 503. Innovating, atfordable, the MILD wing not only is easy to control but also

retains aerodynamic qualities formerly found only in expensive, high-performance wings.

The XP wing has an assertive character : vary fast, endowed with the widest speed range on the market, this wing will handle extreme weather conditions. With precise banking and excellent stability over all its asses this wing will give you uncommon flight sensations. Its exceptional aerodynamic efficiency reduces the power required for fast cruise flight, thus reducing engine wear and achieving low fuel consumption. Equipped with the CLIPPER trike, the XP wing delivers an astonishing potential to open new horizons to pilots who enjoy traveling...

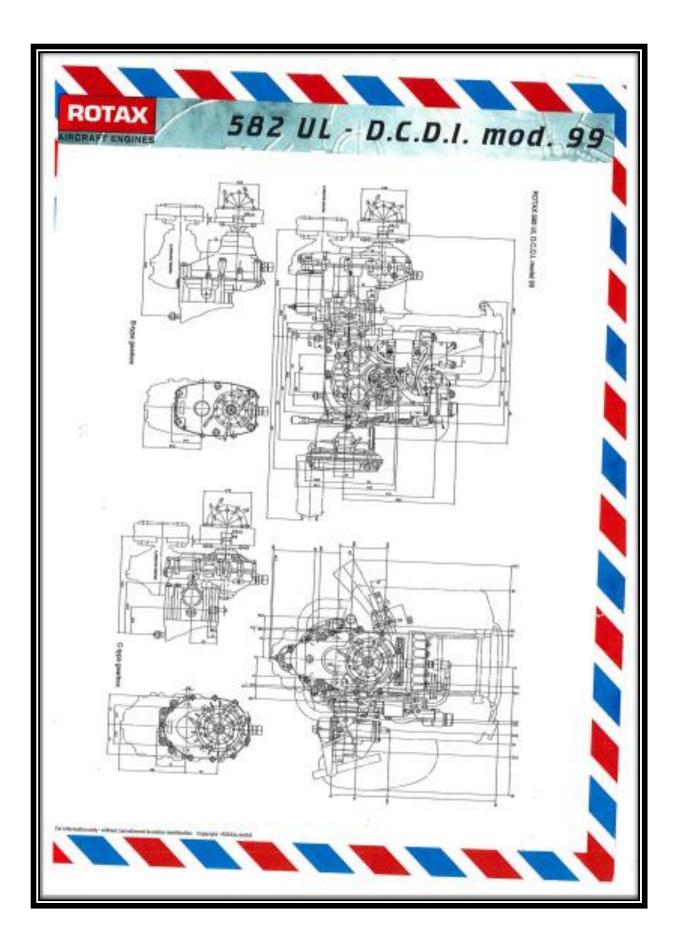
From now on, the option "Pack Vmax" is available and includes a trim system with the atreamlinings of the A frame and the king post, This option allows in the air a precise adjustment of the cruise speed and reduces the parasitic drags. The "Pack Vmax" is only suitable for the XP wing.

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APPENDIX F

CONSTRUCTION

-Aircraft control cables are fabricated from carbon steel or stainless steel.

-Widely used linkage in primary flight control systems.

-It is strong and light in weight, and its flexibility makes it easy to route through the aircraft.

-Tension must be adjusted frequently due to stretching and temperature changes.

-Basic component of a cable is a wire.

-The diameter of the wire determines the total diameter of the cable.

-A number of wires are preformed into a helical or spiral shape and then formed into a strand. These preformed strands are laid around a straight centre strand to form a cable.

-Cable designations are based on the number of strands and the number of wires in each strand.

-Common aircraft cables are the 7 x 7 and 7 x 19.

-The 7 x 7 cable consists of seven strands of seven wires each. Six of these strands are laid around the centre strand.

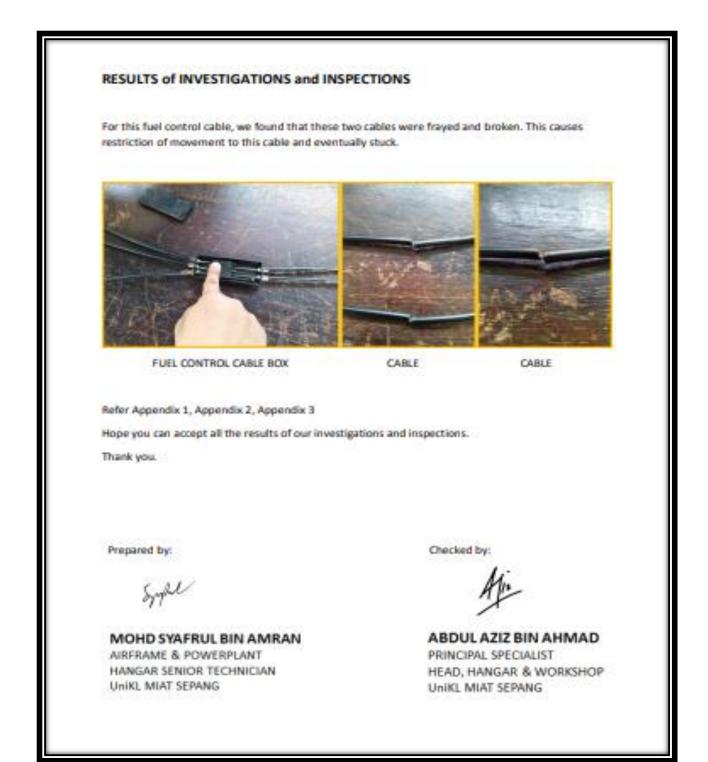
-The 7 x 19 cable is made up of seven strands of 19 wires each. Six of these strands are laid around the centre strand.

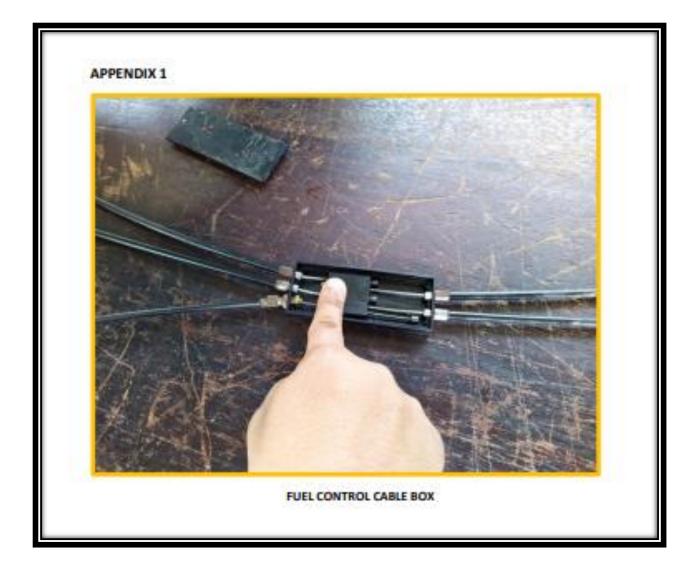
-Aircraft control cables vary in diameter, ranging from 1/16 to 3/8 inch.

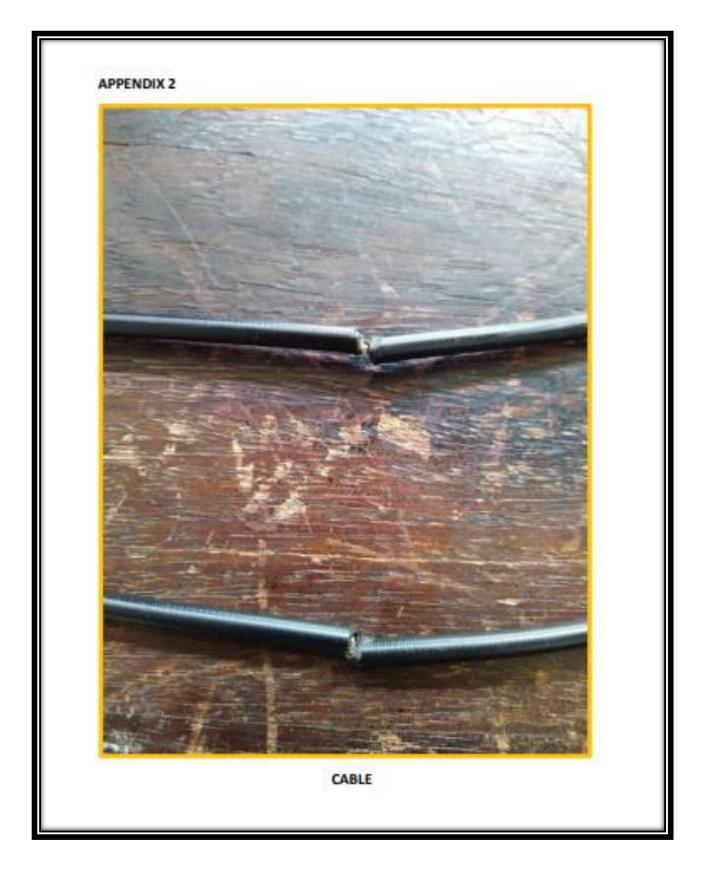
At every annual or 100-hour inspection, all control cables must be inspected for broken wire strands. The easiest way to check for exposed strands of broken wire on a cable is to have one person move the cable through its length of travel while another person holds a cotton cloth gently around the wire looking for places that the cable snags the wire. This must be done along the entire length of the accessible cable (although issues are most likely near pulleys and guides).

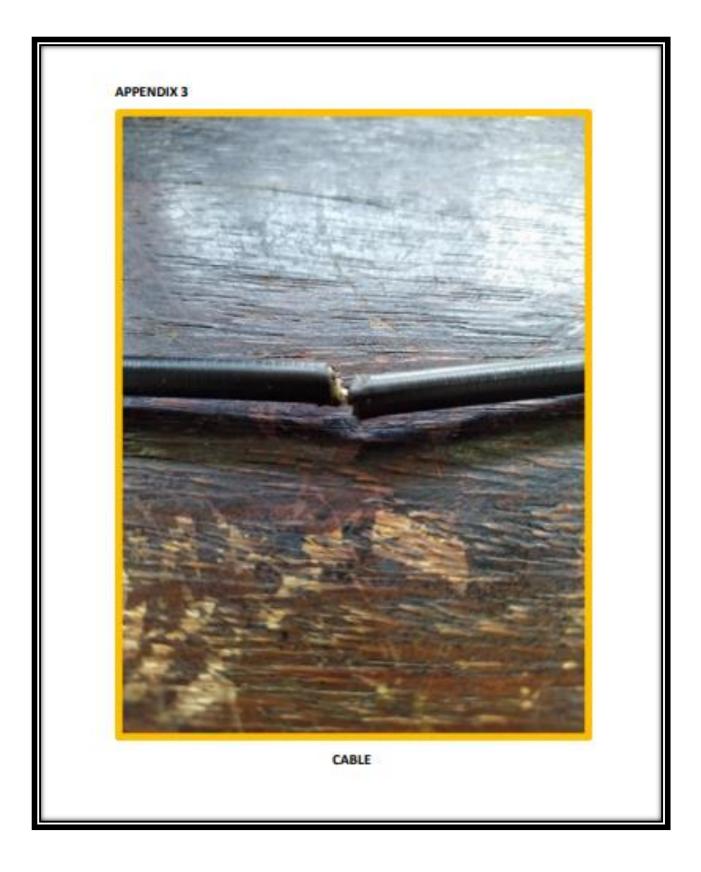
Any cable assembly that has even a single broken wire strand located in a critical fatigue area must be replaced. Per the FAA guidance, a critical fatigue area is defined as the working length of a cable where the cable runs over, under, or around a pulley, sleeve or through a fair-lead; or any section where the cable is flexed, rubbed, or worked in any manner; or any point within one foot of a swaged-on fitting.

This process is generally OK for identifying external cable damage. However, cables also fail from the inside out due to environmental deterioration, distortion, fatigue, and wear. The only way to accurately inspect cables for internal damage is to remove the cables from the aircraft and flex them manually while inspecting them under a magnifying glass for damage.









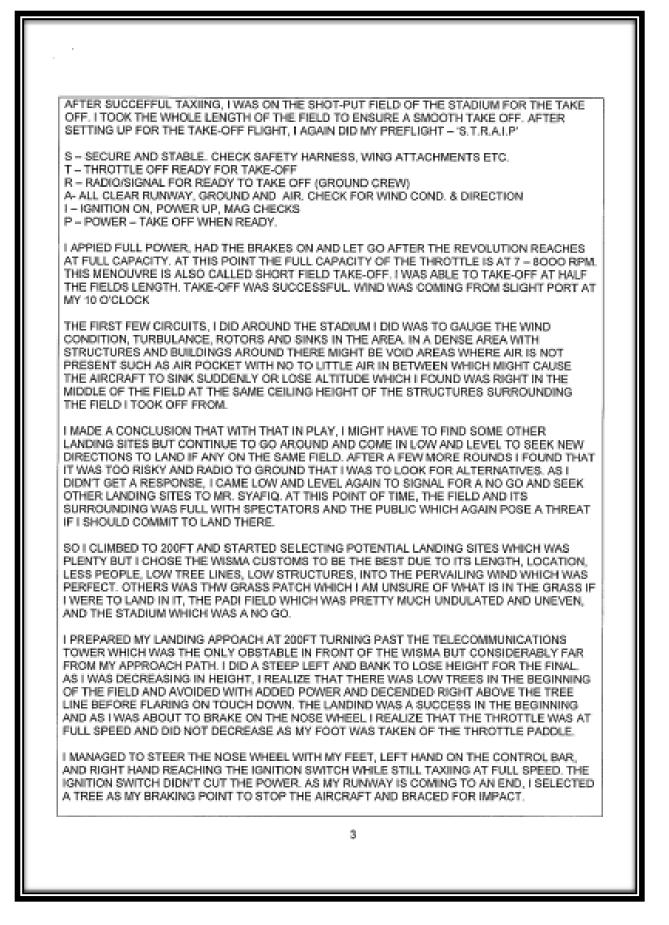
DRAFT FINAL REPORT SI 02/21

APPENDIX G



	Recording of Statement Form
MOT/AAIB Investig No:	pation Page of
Name:	
I/C or Passport	
No: Place of Birth:	MALAYSIA, HKL
Age:	43 AS OF 1 ST OF JANUARY 2021
Sex and Race:	MALE
Occupation:	UNEMPLOYED
Contact Number:	
Address:	
Father's Name:	[For under age witnesses]
Address:	
Before recording th	is statement under Section 188 CAR 2016, I have briefed the person concern regarding
the terms and cond Directive – Article 1 CAR 2016 – Sect 1 (1) The fundament incident in the futur (2) The conduct of by other authorities MOT Directive – A enter, inspect, any j it appears to the inv	litions as per Sec 188 CAR (1), (2), ICAO Annex 13 Chapter 5 (5.4.1),) and MOT 15 & 16 188. Ial objective of investigation under this part shall be for the prevention of accident and the and not for the purpose of apportioning blame or liability. Investigation under sub regulation (1) shall be separated from any other investigation for the purpose of apportioning blame or liability. Inticle 15 is the power given to BSKU/AAIB to conduct an investigation, to have access, place of building or aircraft, or to test, detained aircraft, motor vehicle or anything where vestigator to be requisite for the purpose of investigation. Inticle 16 is the power given to BSKU/AAIB to require information and document for the

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(E)	Recording of Statement Form	(<u>MOT</u>			
MOT/AAIB Investigation No:		Page of			
	STATEMENT				
28 TH OF FEBRUARY 2021 AND PARKED ON THE B NIGHT, AIRCRAFT WAS AVOID ANY MISHAP WHI	TO KANGAR SPORTS COMPLEX / STADIUM @APPROX. 1830HRS VIA CAR CARRIER. AI ACK AREA OF THE GUARD POST OF THE EN- COVERED, PARKING BRAKE ENGAGED AND LE IN TEMPORARY STORAGE.	IRCRAFT WAS UNLOADED ITRANCE GATE 'C' FOR THE FACING INTO THE WIND TO			
1700HRS WITH SPECTAT PROMOTE MICROLIGHT THE VIP WAS INTO EXTR SPORTS HUB FOR LOCA	DULED ON THE EVENING OF THE 1 ST OF MA FORS AND VIP GUEST FOR THE FLIGHT DEN FLYING ESPECIALLY THE TRIKE TYPE OF M REME SPORTS AND FLYING TO PROMOTE P IL AND TOURIST ATTRACTION.	MO. THE DEMO WAS TO AICROLIGHT IN PERUS AS PERUS AS ONE OF THE			
THE AIRCRAFT WAS PAR TAKES 30 TO 45 MINS AS BATONS TO FORM A CAU REMOVABLE FOR THE P	MARCH 2021 @APPROX 1700HRS, I WAS A RED TEMPORARILY, AND STARTED TO AS I WILL HAVE TO SPREAD OPEN THE DELT/ MBER FOR THE WING SO IT IS RIGID FOR FI URPOSE OF STORAGE AND TRANSPORTAT ST 13 BATONS AND BOTTOM HAS 8-9 BATT	SEMBLE IT. ASSEMBLY A WING AND INSERT THE LIGHT. THE BATONS ARE FION. BOTH LEFT AND RIGHT			
SPREADING THE WING AND FORMING THE CAMBER WAS DONE, PREPARING THE AIRCRAFT FOR WARM UP AND TEST RUN, AT THIS POINT THE AIRCRAFT WAS FUELED AT 33LITRES AND AMPLE ENDURANCE FOR A SHORT 20MINS DEMO FLIGHT. THE FUEL TANK COULD TAKE UP TO 55LITRES OF UNLEADED FUEL PREMIXED WITH 2T OIL WITH A MIXTURE OF 50 TO 1 DUE TO THE ROTAX ENGINE IS A 2 STROKE 2 CYLINDER 4 SPARK PLUGS (2 CDCI'S/2 MAGS) 64HP POWERPLANT.					
MR. SYAFIQ TO SPOT AN TO RIGHT TOP TO BOTT AS HANG POINTS, SAFE ATTACHMENTS, CARBUI	OUND VISUAL INSPECTION WAS DONE BY M IY ABNORMALITIES AND DEFECTS. THIS IS OM THEN AIRCRAFT AND ENGINE INSPECT TY CABLES, ENGINE MOUNT, EXHAUST, MA RATORS, FILTER BOX AND COVERS, THROT AS DONE SUCCESSFULLY AND NO MAJOR. L INSPECTION.	DONE FROM THE WING LEFT ING THE MAJOR PART SUCH NIFOLDS, SPARK PLUGS ITLE CABLES FROM LEVER			
REVOLUTION FOR 2 MIN	IE SUCCESSFULLY, WITH INTERMITTENT M S AND LOW REVOLUTION FOR 2 MINS AND GINE. WARM UP TAKES APPROX. 5-6 MINS I	FINALLY IGNITION CUT-OFF			
BEHIND THE STADIUM F	E WERE SUPPOSED TO TAXI THE AIRCRAF OR A LONGER AND LESS OBSTRUCTED AR I THE AIRCRAFT WITH 3 PERSONNEL GUIDI HE SAID FIELD.	EA FOR THE TAKE OFF AND			
	2				



ONCE HITTING THE TREE, THE AIRCRAFT HALTED BUT THE ENGINE WAS STILL AT FULL SPEED. I WAS ABLE TO STAND OUTSIDE THE HALTED AIRCRAFT BUT WAS PINNED IN BETWEEN THE AIRCRAFT, TREE AND WING. I WAS STUCK WITH THE PROPELLOR TURNING ABOVE MY HEAD, DESPERATELY TRYING TO BRAKE FREE, AND WAS LOOKING FOR WAYS TO STOP THE ENGINE.
I LOOKED AT THE ENGINE, FOUND THAT ONE OF THE CARBURATOR WAS DETACHED AND THE OTHER WAS STILL ATTACHED TO THE ENGINE FEEDING THE FUEL. I TRIED REACHING FOR THE OTHER CARB BUTWAS UNABLE DUE TO MY RIGHT HAND WAS BROKEN AND INCAPACITATED. I REACHED AGAIN FOR THE IGNITION SWITCH WITH MY LEFT HAND BUT TO NO AVAIL I TRIED THE HAND THROTTLE TRYING TO SEE IF IT WAS PULLED BACK UNINTENTIONALLY BUT IT WAS AT THE OFF POSITION. NEXT ITRIED TO TAP ON THE FOOT THROTTLE TO SEE IF IT WAS JAMMED BUT UNABLE TO. I SHRUGGED AND WAITED FOR THE ENGINE TO SHUTDOWN DUE TO FUEL STARVATION SINCE THE AIRCRAFT WAS AT A NOSE DOWN ANGLE AND THAT THE FUEL GRAVITY FLOW WAS DISTRUPTED. TRUE ENOUGH IT STUTTURED AND STOPPED A LITTLE AFTER 30-45SEC.
AFTER THE ENGINE STOPPED I COULD HEAR A FEMALE VOICE YELLING TO GET HELP, SOON AFTER A FEW BOYS AND THE SECURITY GUARD CAME TO ASSIST ME GETTING LOOSE FROM THE PINNED POSITION.
THIS IS MY FORMAL REPORT.
4

DRAFT FINAL REPORT SI 02/21

APPENDIX I

PERSEKUTUAN SUKAN UDARA MALAYSIA MALAYSIA SPORTS AVIATION FEDERATION (MSAF) UNIT 2.1, TINGKAT 2, WISMA OCM JALAN HANG JEBAT, 50150 KUALA LUMPUR, MALAYSIA Rujukan kami: MSAF/L11227.22/P Tarikh : 02 Ogos 2022 KOL MARZUKI RANLI TUDM Air Accident Investigation Bureau (ARIB) NO. 26, Jalan Tun Hussein, Presint Y,	A
62100 Putrajaya, W.P. Putrajaya Tuan,	
kunjungan hormat dan sesi taklimat ringkas	
Perkara di atas adalah dirujuk.	
2. Untuk makluman Tuan, MSAF merupakan badan pengelola bagi sukan udara di Malaysia yang bernaung dibawah badan antarabangsa, Persekutuan Reronautik Antarabangsa (Federation Reronautique Internationale - FAI) yang bertanggungjawab dalam sukan udara dunia. MSAF juga adalah satu-satunya persekutuan sukan udara dalam negara yang berdaftar di bawah Pesuruhjaya Sukan (PJS) dan juga berdaftar bersama Majlis Olimpik Malaysia (MOM). Sejak penubuhan pada tahun 2003, MSAF giat berkerjasama bersama Kementerian Belia dan Sukan (KBS) dan juga Pihak Berkuasa Penerbangan Awam Malaysia (CAAM) dalam membangunkan sukan udara di Malaysia. Kini, MSAF mempunyai tujuh cabang sukan udara termasuklah "drone", "aeromodelling", "paramotor", "paragliding", "parachuting", "light sports aircraft" dan juga "hot air balloon"	
 Merujuk kepada perbualan telefon antara pihak Tuan dan En Azry, kedua-dua pihak bersetuju untuk mengadakan kunjungan hormat dan sesi taklimat ringkas seperti ketetapan berikut: 	
Tarikh : 3 Ogos 2022 Masa : 2.30 petang Tempat : Kementerian Pengangkutan Malaysia, Putrajaya	
4. Şebarang pertanyaan dan keterangan lanjut, sila berhubung dengan Setiausaha MSAF, En Muhammad Afif Azry Bin Muhammad Allas di talian 019-373 5485 atau email kepada <u>admin@msaf.org.my</u>	
5. Kami mengucapkan ribuan terima kasih atas perhatian dan keprihatinan pihak Tuan.	
Keprihatinan dan komitmen pihak tuan kami dahului dengan ucapan ribuan terima kasih.	
Yang benar,	
"Majulah sukan udara untuk Malaysia"	
Yang benar Muhag umu Jawan NoHD NURHAQIMY BIN HOHD ISHAIL	,/
Malaysia Sports Aviation Federation (MSAF)	~
PERSEKUTUAN SUKAN UDARA MALAYSIA MALAYSIA SPORTS AVIATION FEDERATION (5121/2011) Tel. : +603 78426595 1 "KE MERCU ANGKASA" Email : official@msaf.org.my	

